

2022-2023 Beechfield School pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2022 to 2023 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data
School name	Beechfield School
Number of pupils in school	362
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	24%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers	2021-2024
Date this statement was published	Sept 2022
Date on which it will be reviewed	July 2023
Statement authorised by	Gillian Jackson
Pupil premium lead	Tanya Mortlock
Governor / Trustee lead	Lesly Adams

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£131,575
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£13,775
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
Total budget for this academic year	£ 145,350
If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

- Gaps in attainment between disadvantaged children and non-disadvantaged children will close. All children meet national expectations.
- All children make good or better progress in their learning.
- High quality teaching will ensure there is an explicit focus on vocabulary so that our disadvantaged children have access to a rich academic language that they can apply in their own learning.
- Children will make accelerated progress from starting points in Writing
- Our curriculum will include a range of enrichment activities so that our disadvantaged children will have opportunities and experiences that they may not otherwise have in order to enhance their learning experience.
- Social and emotional needs will be supported so children have good behaviour for learning. We
 will ensure that disadvantaged children are equipped with self-regulation strategies needed to
 succeed academically and socially.
- Parents of disadvantaged children will be supported to help their children with learning.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Internal and external school assessments suggests that disadvantaged children do not attain as well as non-disadvantaged children. The challenge is improving attainment.
2	School assessments and observations suggest that some of our disadvantaged children are not yet able to use and understand a range of higher level vocabulary within the curriculum
3	Some of our pupil premium children may not have access to a wide range of different experiences outside of school
4	The volume of teacher referrals for pastoral support suggests that some of our disadvantaged children need additional social and emotional support
5	Feedback from parent consultations shows that some of our children's families would benefit from support from school about how to help their children's learning at home, including access to technology and the internet – which is also reflected in the amount of laptops loaned to families during both lockdowns.
6	Monitoring of attendance shows that some of our families need support to improve their attendance

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for by the end of our current strategy plan, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
(1) The gap is closed in Reading, Writing and Maths between disadvantaged and non-	Quality first teaching allows pupils to make good or better progress
disadvantaged children	Interventions are in place to support targeted children
	Termly assessment drops show that gaps are closing and where they aren't, rapid support is put in place
	More pupil premium children achieve age-related expectations in Reading, Writing and Maths and the gap is closed
(1,2) From Nursery to Year 6, communication and language is embedded across the school	Every classroom environment supports this focus, e.g. scaffolding through speaking frames
	Talk for Writing approach is embedded across the school
	Children can use subject specific language in all curriculum areas
	All adults model correct English and higher level vocabulary when teaching
(2) Children have strategies to find out the meaning of unknown vocabulary in their reading	Pupil premium children read 3 x per week to an adult in school
across the curriculum	Children are reading at age related standards
	Reading interventions show good or better progress
	Specific reading skills are taught daily in class and through interventions
(2) Children can use the vocabulary they have been taught correctly within their learning and	Learning walks show teachers are using higher level vocabulary
when talking about their learning	Book looks show vocabulary is explicitly taught and used correctly in children's writing
(3) The curriculum provides enrichment opportunities so that children gain additional life experiences and skills that link with their learning	Subjects offer opportunities to develop life skills, e.g. using money in maths, cooking/baking in DT, etc
School trips are planned sequentially with learning	Children leave school having experienced a wide range of memorable spiritual, moral, social, sporting and cultural activities that they are able to talk and write about
	Children can articulate learning from school trips and link it to their learning in class
(4) Children recognise their feelings and can use self-regulation strategies	All staff promote the use of zones of regulation and protected behaviours
	Any children who need support are identified and referred to the pastoral team
	Interventions run by the pastoral team show impact
	Children know how they are feeling and the strategies they can use when needed
	Children show positive behaviour for learning

(5) School has run a range of workshops to support parents with helping their children at home	Identified families have taken part in relevant workshops
	Parent voice shows parents feel they are able to support their children at home
	Parent consultation evenings provide families with strategies to for parents to support their children at home
	Families needing additional support, e.g. Home Start, support from the Salvation Army or food bank, etc can access support from the pastoral team
(6) Families who need support with technology have been identified and supported	All families have access to a device and the internet to support children's learning

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

High quality teaching

Budgeted cost: 52,123.09

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
In house training (staff INSET) and development to improve high quality teaching	John Hattie: Improving the quality of teaching is the single most important factor in improving outcomes especially those with disadvantaged backgrounds Without explicit, fully-guided instruction, pupils lacking in prior knowledge are prone to developing misconceptions (Kirschner et al., 2006). Explicit teaching of metacognitive strategies may improve pupils' learning and increase their independence (EEF, 2017) Evidence from across the English school system shows that using your pupil premium funding to improve teaching quality is the most effective way to improve outcomes for disadvantaged pupils (Using pupil premium: guidance for school leaders, DfE March 2022)	1,2,3,4,6
Following on from high quality teaching training, upskill all staff to support children with SEND via quality first teaching and explicit instruction	The SEND Code of Practice (2015) -teachers are responsible and accountable for the progress of pupils with SEND in their class Teachers should develop a repertoire of these strategies they can use flexibly in response to the needs of all pupils. (EEF, 2020) Teachers need to use strategies to support long term memory for pupils with SEND (NASEN 2020)	1,2
Recruitment of Inclusion Lead to support and upskill teachers for inclusive learning	Targeted support for children with SEND informs and supports universal teaching (NASEN 2020) Pupils with SEND are more likely to be eligible for PPG (DfE 2018)	1,2,3,4,6
EYFS strategy training for PPG lead	EEF: A pupil premium strategy is more likely to be effective if school leaders plan how to sustain it from the outset and monitor practice in an annual cycle	All
PPG lead monitoring and support for teachers + family communication		All
Talk for Writing teacher CPD	EEF: Structured approaches that give students step-by-step guides to writing in various genres, focused squarely on writing outcomes support children in their writing as well as programmes that teach students to assess their own and others' drafts, to give students more feedback and insight into effective writing strategies Support from literacy experts and ongoing professional development in literacy can develop teachers' literacy knowledge (International Reading Association, 2012)	1,2

Vocabulary, speaking and listening training	Pupils from more advantaged backgrounds arrive at school with a vocabulary twice the size of their less advantaged peers (Hart & Risley, 2003) There is a link between pupils' early vocabulary acquisition and later academic success (Bleses et al., 2016)	1,2
Teaching Assistant CPD – Effective feedback, AfL and metacognition	EEF: Low attaining pupils tend to benefit more from explicit feedback	1,2,3
Reading fluency CPD	Pupils, particularly those from disadvantaged backgrounds, often start secondary school below the expected standard for reading and subsequently struggle to access the full breadth of the curriculum (EEF, 2019a)	1,2,3
	If pupils cannot read fluently, they will be more likely to experience cognitive overload when trying to acquire new knowledge through reading (Murphy & Quigley, 2017)	

Targeted academic support Budgeted cost: £54,070.46

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
1:1/small group work for Reading, Writing, Maths	EEF: On average, one to one tuition is very effective at improving pupil outcomes Small group tuition has an average impact of four months' additional progress over the course of a year	1,2,3
TA to support EYFS teaching assistant		1,2
		1,2
Interventions from Teaching Assistants	EEF: TA interventions provide children with four additional months' progress	1,2,3

Wider strategies

Budgeted cost: £39,169.07

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Monitoring and providing support for improved attendance and persistent absentees by admin staff and Assistant Head	Attendance improvements when parents are informed and supported with attendance EEF - Gaining a thorough knowledge of your disadvantaged pupils' levels of attainment is the first step in developing an effective pupil premium strategy, including attendance data	1,2,3,6
Analysis of data to: identify gaps needing to be addressed via teaching or interventions and monitor impact of teaching strategies, e.g. Talk for Writing, reading fluency, White Rose Maths, etc	EEF: Collecting data about the attainment and progress of pupils eligible for the Pupil Premium can help schools identify trends and target additional support	1,2
Pastoral support for children with additional behaviour/wellbeing needs including referrals to and work with external agencies	EEF: Social and emotional learning approaches have a positive impact, on average, of 4 months' additional progress EEF: Metacognition and self-regulation approaches to teaching support pupils to think about their own learning more explicitly, often by teaching them specific strategies for planning, monitoring, and evaluating their learning	All
Completion of Boxall profiles to identify pastoral support		1,2,3
Pastoral support for families	EEF: Parental engagement has a positive impact on average of 4 months' additional progress	4,5,6
Parental workshops to support children's learning and access to curriculum	EEF: Parental engagement has a positive impact on average of 4 months' additional progress	1,2,3,5,6
Pupil premium allowance per pupil	Improved wellbeing for children	All

Total budgeted cost: £145,362.62

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2021-2022 academic year.

KS2 attainment

14/58 children were considered disadvantaged (25%)

- Reading/Writing/Maths combined: 71% were working at or above age related, compared to 70.5% non-disadvantaged children

Reading:

93% were working at or above age-related expectations, compared to 81% non-disadvantaged children 60% were working above age related expectations, compared to 37% non-disadvantaged children Reading progress was +3.35 – significantly above local and national figures

Writing:

71.4% were working at or above age-related expectations, compared to 70.5% non-disadvantaged children

21.4% were working above the expected standard, compared to 20.5% non-disadvantaged Writing progress was -0.49 – above local and national figures

Maths:

100% were working at or above age-related expectations, compared to 89% non-disadvantaged children Maths progress was +2.49 – above local and national figures

KS1 attainment

13/58 children were considered disadvantaged

Reading:

- Reading/Writing/Maths combined: 39% were working at or above age related, compared to 69% non-disadvantaged children
- Reading: 39% were working at or above age-related expectations, compared to 69% non-disadvantaged children (0% were working above, compared to 24% non-disadvantaged)

Writing:

- Writing: 23% were working at or above age-related expectations, compared to 62% non-disadvantaged children (0% were working above, compared to 7% non-disadvantaged)

Maths:

- Maths: 62% were working at or above age-related expectations, compared to 76% non-disadvantaged children (8% were working above, compared to 29% non-disadvantaged)

Attendance during 2021-22:

Reception - 88%

 Year 1 - 91%
 Year 4 - 95%

 Year 2 - 93%
 Year 5 - 93%

 Year 3 - 93%
 Year 6 - 90%